

$^{31}\text{Cl}$   $\epsilon\text{p}$  decay: XUNDL-6 2025Bu00

Parent:  $^{31}\text{Cl}$ :  $E=0$ ;  $J^\pi=3/2^+$ ;  $T_{1/2}=190$  ms  $I$ ;  $Q(\epsilon\text{p})=5877$  3;  $\% \epsilon\text{p}$  decay=2.08 5

$^{31}\text{Cl}$ - $J^\pi$ : From Adopted Levels of  $^{31}\text{Cl}$  in ENSDF database.

$^{31}\text{Cl}$ - $T_{1/2}$ ,  $Q(\epsilon\text{p})$ : from 2021Wa16.

$^{31}\text{Cl}$ - $\% \epsilon\text{p}$  decay:  $\% \epsilon\text{p}=2.08$  5 for  $^{31}\text{Cl}$  decay, revised from  $\% \epsilon\text{p}=2.4$  2 (2011SaZM).

Compiled (unevaluated) dataset from 2025Bu00: Phys Rev C xxx, xx43xx (2025).

Compiled by L. J. Sun (FRIB, MSU), February 5, 2025.

2025Bu00:  $^{31}\text{Cl}$  ions were produced by fragmentation of a 150 MeV/nucleon  $^{36}\text{Ar}$  beam on a 1645 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> Be production target, separated and purified by the A1900 fragment separator and the Radio Frequency Fragment Separator (RFFS), and transported into the Gaseous Detector with Germanium Tagging (GADGET) system consisting a custom-built gas-filled proportional counter called Proton Detector (PD) surrounded by the SeGA array of 16 HPGe crystals. Measured center-of-mass energies and relative intensities of  $\beta$ -delayed protons, and  $\text{p}\gamma$ -coincidences. Normalized  $I_{\text{p}}$  relative to the  $I_{\text{p}}$  of the 1026-keV (c.m.) proton of 2011SaZM. Deduced excitation energies and  $I_{\beta}$  of proton-emitting states in  $^{31}\text{S}$ .

 $^{30}\text{P}$  Levels

<u>E(level)<sup>†</sup></u>	<u><math>J^\pi</math><sup>†</sup></u>
0	1 <sup>+</sup>
677.11 10	0 <sup>+</sup>
708.70 7	1 <sup>+</sup>
1454.28 5	2 <sup>+</sup>
1973.34 8	3 <sup>+</sup>

<sup>†</sup> From  $^{30}\text{P}$  Adopted Levels in ENSDF database.

Delayed Protons ( $^{30}\text{P}$ )

<u>E(p)<sup>†</sup></u>	<u>E(<math>^{30}\text{P}</math>)</u>	<u><math>I_{\text{p}}^{\text{②}}</math></u>	<u>E(<math>^{31}\text{S}</math>)<sup>#</sup></u>	<u>Comments</u>
258 4	0	0.069 5	6388	$E_{\text{p}}$ revised from $E_{\text{p}}=273$ keV 10 (2022Bu14). $I_{\beta\text{p}}=9.0(10)\times 10^{-6}$ revised from $I_{\beta\text{p}}=8.3\times 10^{-6} +12-9$ (2022Bu14).
805 <sup>‡</sup> 2	0	15.4 +7-8	6936	
833 <sup>‡</sup> 3	1454.28	0.10 1	8418	
870 18	708.70	<0.05	7703	
906 <sup>‡</sup> 2	0	6.6 4	7037	
958 12	708.70	<0.05	7797	
973 2	1454.28	0.33 5	8557	
1026.9 <sup>‡</sup> 11	0	100 +9-8	7157.5	
1065 8	708.70	0.20 5	7905	
1137 4	1973.34	0.38 +10-9	9238	
1217 2	677.11	0.26 5	8024	
1223 5	1973.34	0.31 6	9328	
1228 2	1454.28	1.4 +3-2	8813	
1317 8	1973.34	0.6 3	9421	
1379 2	1454.28	0.7 2	8964	
1572 3	0	10.8 20	7703	
1579 <sup>‡</sup> 3	708.70	1.0 2	8418	
1610 <sup>‡</sup> 3	677.11	2.2 +5-4	8418	
1651 3	1454.28	0.8 2	9238	
1715 4	708.70	0.8 2	8557	
1756 3	0	2.9 +6-5	7887	
1819 6	1454.28	0.25 +7-6	9404	
1862 8	677.11	<0.14	8669	
1869 7	708.70	0.22 +6-5	8709	
1887 3	0	6.9 +13-11	8017	

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

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 $^{31}\text{Cl}$   $\varepsilon$ p decay: XUNDL-6 [2025Bu00](#) (continued)Delayed Protons (continued)

<u>E(p)<sup>†</sup></u>	<u>E(<sup>30</sup>P)</u>	<u>I(p)<sup>@</sup></u>	<u>E(<sup>31</sup>S)<sup>#</sup></u>
2143 5	677.11	0.7 6	8950
2145 4	0	<0.6	8275
2287 <sup>‡</sup> 3	0	4.0 +8-6	8418
2489 8	708.70	1.0 3	9328

<sup>†</sup> Center-of-mass energy.

<sup>‡</sup> Used for proton energy calibration.

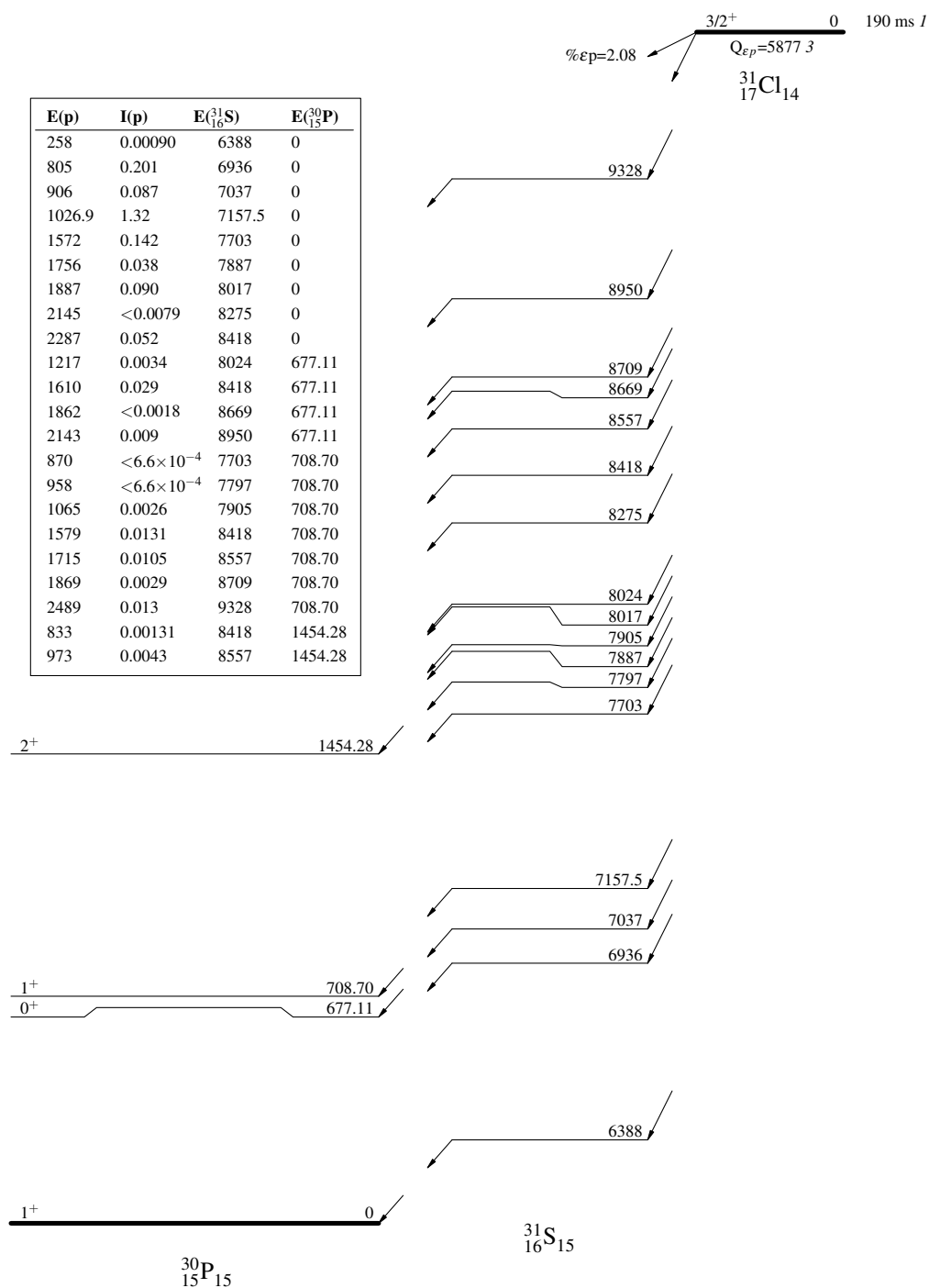
<sup>#</sup> From  $E(\text{c.m.}) + S(\text{p})(^{31}\text{S}) + E(\text{level})(^{30}\text{P})$ , where  $S(\text{p}) = 6130.65 \text{ 24}$  ([2021Wa16](#)). Weighted average is taken where there are more than one proton decay branches from a level in  $^{31}\text{S}$ .

<sup>@</sup> For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.0131 2.

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## Decay Scheme

I(p) Intensities: I(p) per 100 parent decays



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## Decay Scheme (continued)

I(p) Intensities: I(p) per 100 parent decays

